

Paper: CIA.Accting

(CIA.Accting) 01a-Question

Problem: 01

Problem Type: Calculate the change in (NI, OCI, Eq) due to the change in bond yield as given below.

Formula

$$\begin{aligned} \text{chg(NI)} &= \text{chg(PV(FVO))} - \text{chg(APV(Liabs))} \\ \text{chg(OCI)} &= \text{chg(PV(AFS))} \end{aligned}$$

Formula

$$\text{chg(Eq)} = \text{chg(NI)} + \text{chg(OCI)}$$

Given:

data as of CY 2016

original bond yield:	2.50%
new bond yield:	3.50%

* other bond info: next page
 * original + MfAD(inv) o.w. lots of extra calcs

PV(@ 2.5%) for FVO bonds:	42,361
PV(@ 2.5%) for AFS bonds:	13,444

PV(@ 3.5%) for FVO bonds:	41,952
PV(@ 3.5%) for AFS bonds:	13,314

NU (Net Unpaid):	37,000
MfAD(claims):	7.00%
MfAD(inv):	100 bps

		<u>see page</u>
APV(NU(@ 2.5%):	38,294	<= 04b
APV(NU(@ 3.5%):	37,501	<= 05b

	% cum pd
at end of 2017	30%

chg(NI) =	383
chg(OCI) =	-130
chg(Eq) =	<u>254</u>

$$\begin{array}{rclclcl} \text{chg(NI)} & = & -409 & - & -793 & = & 383 \\ \text{chg(OCI)} & = & & & & = & \underline{-130} \\ & & & & & & 254 & = & \text{chg(Eq)} \end{array}$$

Paper: CIA.Accting

(CIA.Accting) 02a-Question

Problem: 01a

Problem Type: Calculate the PV of the cash flows for each class of bond at the **ORIGINAL** bond yield

Concept: **PRIOR TO** maturity date: CF(bond) = coupon
AT maturity date: CF(bond) = coupon + (par value)

where coupon = (coupon rate) x (par value)

Given: PV date: 2016 * yr-end
bond yield: 2.50%

	bond #1	bond #2	bond #3	bond #4	
class	FVO	FVO	FVO	AFS	
maturity	2017	2017	2017	2017	* yr-end
coupon rt	6.00%	5.00%	7.00%	6.00%	
# coupons/yr	1	1	1	1	
par value	15,000	15,000	11,000	13,000	

Assume: All pmts are made AT THE END of the year

PV(FVO) =

42,361

PV(AFS) =

13,444

(CIA.Accting) 02b-Answer

timing	bond #1	bond #2	bond #3	bond #4	Totals		Discounting	
					FVO	AFS	FVO	AFS
2017	15,900	15,750	11,770	13,780	43,420	13,780	42,361	13,444
2018					0		0	
2019					0		0	
2020					0		0	
							<u>42,361</u>	<u>13,444</u>

Paper: CIA.Accting

(CIA.Accting) 03a-Question

Problem: 01b

Problem Type: Calculate the PV of the cash flows for each class of bond at the **NEW** bond yield

Concept: **PRIOR TO** maturity date: CF(bond) = coupon
AT maturity date: CF(bond) = coupon + (par value)

where coupon = (coupon rate) x (par value)

Given: PV date: 2016 * yr-end
bond yield: 3.50%

	bond #1	bond #2	bond #3	bond #4	
class	FVO	FVO	FVO	AFS	
maturity	2017	2017	2017	2017	* yr-end
coupon rt	6.00%	5.00%	7.00%	6.00%	
# coupons/yr	1	1	1	1	
par value	15,000	15,000	11,000	13,000	

Assume: All pmts are made AT THE END of the year

PV(FVO) =

41,952

PV(AFS) =

13,314

(CIA.Accting) 03b-Answer

timing	bond #1	bond #2	bond #3	bond #4	Totals		Discounting	
					FVO	AFS	FVO	AFS
2017	15,900	15,750	11,770	13,780	43,420	13,780	41,952	13,314
2018					0		0	
2019					0		0	
2020					0		0	
							<u>41,952</u>	<u>13,314</u>

Paper: CIA.Accting
Problem: 02a
Problem Type: Calculate APV(NU) at **ORIGINAL** bond yield

(CIA.Accting) 04a-Question

Note: This APV calc works slightly differently from MfAD:
MfAD: - for given **AY**, use (unpd at end of **CY**, pmt pattern) to project future pmts
 assume pmts are made **mid-year**
 pull **projected pmts** back to end of **CY** (0.5, 1.5, 2.5,...)
Here: - for given **CY**, use (unpd at end of **CY**, pmt pattern) to project future pmts
pmts are made **at end of year**,
 pull **projected pmts** back to end of given **CY** (1, 2, 3,...)

Assume: pmt are made at end-of-yr

				<u>% cum pd</u>
Given:	for AY:	2016	at end of 2017	30%
	NU at 12 mths:	37,000	at end of 2018	55%
	CU at 12 mths:	0	at end of 2019	100%
	i:	2.5%		
	MfAD(inv):	100 bps		
	MfAD(clms):	7%		
	MfAD(re):	0%		

APV(NU(@2.5%))

38,294

(CIA.Accting) 04b-Answer

timing	% pd in period		NU		2.5% disct'ing	=	2.5% NU(@i)		1.50% disct'ing	--->	1.50% NU(@i')
2017	0.300	x	37,000	/	1.025	=	10,829		1.015	--->	10,936
2018	0.250	x	37,000	/	1.051	=	8,804		1.030	--->	8,979
2019	0.450	x	37,000	/	1.077	=	15,461		1.046	--->	15,923
check	1.000						35,095				35,837
						x	7% MfAD(c/ms)				
							2,457				

Now, SUM the beige highlighted cells to get APV:

38,294

Paper: CIA.Accting

(CIA.Accting) 05a-Question

Problem: 02b

Problem Type: Calculate APV(NU) at **NEW** bond yield

Note: This APV calc works slightly differently from MfAD:

MfAD: - for given **AY**, use (unpd at end of **CY**, pmt pattern) to project future pmts
assume pmts are made **mid-year**
pull **projected pmts** back to end of **CY** (0.5, 1.5, 2.5,...)

Here: - for given **CY**, use (unpd at end of **CY**, pmt pattern) to project future pmts
pmts are made **at end of year**,
pull **projected pmts** back to end of given **CY** (1, 2, 3,...)

Assume: pmt are made at end-of-yr

			<u>% cum pd</u>	
Given:	for AY:	2016	at end of 2017	30%
	NU at 12 mths:	37,000	at end of 2018	55%
	CU at 12 mths:	0	at end of 2019	100%
	i:	3.5%		
	MfAD(inv):	100 bps		
	MfAD(clms):	7%		
	MfAD(re):	0%		

APV(NU(@3.5%))

37,501

(CIA.Accting) 05b-Answer

timing	% pd in period		NU		3.5% disct'ing	=	3.5% NU(@i)		2.50% disct'ing	--->	2.50% NU(@i')
2017	0.300	x	37,000	/	1.035	=	10,725		1.025	--->	10,829
2018	0.250	x	37,000	/	1.071	=	8,635		1.051	--->	8,804
2019	0.450	x	37,000	/	1.109	=	15,017		1.077	--->	15,461
check	1.000						34,377				35,095
						x	7% MfAD(c/ms)				
							2,406				

Now, SUM the beige highlighted cells to get APV:

37,501